









## Intimations.

# Powell's

28, QUEEN'S ROAD.

GENT'S

HELMETS

FINE QUALITY

INDIAN PITH

Covered English Felt

in White and Grey.

FEATHER

WEIGHT.

THE

"SINGAPORE"

made of Rubber, covered white affords splendid protection.

THE

"SHIKAR"

Cork and Gossamer in white with puggaree

A SMART AND USEFUL HAT.

"PIGSTICKER"

in Khaki Silk Alpaca.

A reliable helmet for those continually exposed to the sun.

BEST QUALITY

GOODS ONLY.

WM. POWELL,  
LTD.

28, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, 9th May, 1910.

## Intimations.

## BANK HOLIDAYS.

IN accordance with Government Notification No. 138 of 19th inst. and Ordinances No. 6 of 1875 and No. 14 of 1903, the EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the transaction of Public Business TO-DAY, 20th, and TUESDAY, 21st May, respectively.

Hongkong, 20th May, 1910. [379]

## FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG.

## PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.

IN accordance with Government Notification No. 138 of 19th inst. and Ordinances No. 6 of 1875 and No. 14 of 1903, all FIRE INSURANCE OFFICES will be CLOSED for the transaction of Public Business TO-DAY, the 20th, and TUESDAY, the 21st May, respectively.

By Order,

A. R. LOWE,  
Secretary.

## MARINE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG.

## PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.

IN accordance with Government Notification No. 138 of 19th inst. and Ordinances No. 6 of 1875 and No. 14 of 1903, all MARINE INSURANCE OFFICES will be CLOSED for the transaction of Public Business TO-DAY, the 20th, and TUESDAY, the 21st May, respectively.

By Order,

A. R. LOWE,  
Secretary.

## GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

## PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net \$6.50 per Cask ex Factory.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net \$3.45 per Bag ex Factory.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.,  
General Managers.

Hongkong, 17th August, 1908.

## "SOLIGNUM."

A PERFECT preservative stain for Wood, Stone, and Brickwork.

It protects against Decay, Fungus, Dry Rot, the Ravages of Insects and Vermin (especially the white ant) and the action of the weather.

"Solignum" really does what is claimed for it, as may be seen from the testimonials of the Governments of India, the Sudan, &c.

In Drums and Barrels of various colours.

Prospectus and all further information from

SIEMSEN & CO.,  
(Machinery Dept.) Hongkong,  
Sole Agents.

Hongkong, 7th December, 1900. [142]

## FURNITURE WAREHOUSE

## LI KWONG LOONG &amp; CO.

CABINET-MAKERS AND ART DECORATORS, from Shanghai, has re-opened their FURNITURE STORE.

No. 10, DES VOUX ROAD, CENTRAL.  
The only Shop in Hongkong with this name

WHERE HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE of every description can be made to order in any design required.

Have been patronized by the Hongkong Club, Hongkong Hotel, Telegraph Co., Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co., Firms and other leading establishments in the Colony. To whom reference can be made as to the Superior Workmanship and Materials of the Furniture, &c., supplied.

Messrs. A. S. Watson &amp; Co., Ltd., write as follows:—

"We have pleasure in stating that Mr. LI KWONG LOONG furnished the Appoints to our Dispensary and gave us every satisfaction."

(Sd.) A. S. WATSON & Co  
31st May, 1891.

ORDERS punctually attended to, and CHARGES most moderate.

AN INSPECTION INVITED.

## NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

FROM and after 1st January, 1909, the rates of Subscription to the *Hongkong Telegraph* (daily and weekly issues) will be as follows:—

DAILY—\$36 per annum.  
WEEKLY—\$13 per annum.

The rates per quarter, and per annum, proportional. Subscriptions for any period less than one month will be charged as for a full month.

The daily issue is delivered free when the address is accessible to messenger. Post subscribers can have their copies delivered at their residences without any extra charge. On copies sent by post an additional \$2.50 per quarter is charged for postage.

The postage on the weekly issue to any part of the world is 30 cents per quarter. Single Copies, Daily—ten cents. Weekly, twenty-five cents (for cash only).

(PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.)  
There will be no rebate to Missionary Subscribers as heretofore.

By Order, THE MANAGER,  
Hongkong Telegraph Co., Ltd.

111 Street, and December, 1908. [157]

## RUBBER RESULTS.

## OUTPUT AND PROFITS MADE LAST YEAR.

## MANY ESTIMATED YIELDS GREATLY EXCEEDED.

The *Financial* has an interesting article on rubber results which we take the liberty of quoting in full: It says:—

Of the rubber-producing companies which make up their accounts to December 31, a large number, including leading and representative undertakings like Anglo-Malay, the Damansara, the Labu, and the Pataling have already issued their reports for last year, so that it is now possible to form some general conclusions regarding the progress of the industry during that period. Of the results disclosed in the accounts now available it may be said at the outset that they fulfil the most sanguine expectations. Actual outputs have appreciably exceeded the estimates of a year ago, while the average prices realised have substantially surpassed those obtained in 1908. Moreover the cost of production has been reduced, and some of the most prominent companies hold out hopes of a further curtailment of expenses in the current year. With conditions affecting receipts and expenses so favourable as they actually were, it is inevitable that profits should show a handsome improvement. The rise in net earnings is in most cases of sensational dimensions. The resulting enhancement of dividends is no less imposing. Taken all round, the results now reported must be regarded as affording striking evidence of the prosperity of this marvellous industry. The success achieved so far is almost without parallel in the annals of commercial enterprise. Hardly ever before has a new industry within so short a space of time attained to a condition of such pronounced prosperity as that now enjoyed by rubber planting in the Middle East, and never before has any industry, not even gold mining itself, yielded such a magnificent return upon the capital employed in it.

In the following table is shown a comparison for the past two years of the net profits and dividends of a baker's dozen of producing companies whose annual reports have recently come to hand:—

Company.	Net profits.		Dividend.	
	1909.	1908.	1909.	1908.
Anglo-Malay .....	120,341	55,340	80	30
Batu Caves .....	12,611	3,330	50	10
Damansara .....	53,650	15,773	50	12
Edinburgh .....	8,462	—	15	—
General Ceylon .....	24,005	13,305	12 1/2	5
Golden Hope .....	15,679	5,671	30	8
Hanipha Ceylon .....	2,297	—	6	—
Harpenden .....	5,121	—	20	—
Labu F.M.S. ....	23,811	2,744	25	7
Langkat Sumatra .....	4,458	1,345	6	5
Mahawale .....	3,992	3,937	12	10
Pataling .....	34,551	10,714	12 1/2	45
St. George .....	6,818	561	19	—

The striking progress revealed in the above figures hardly needs to be enlarged upon. The figures, indeed, speak for themselves. In every single case improvement is recorded, and in many instances the expansion in profits and the corresponding increase in dividends assume quite impressive proportions. Take, for instance, the case of the Anglo-Malay Company, whose profits have increased by 140 per cent., and whose dividend has been raised from 30 to 80 per cent. The progress established by the Damansara Company is even more remarkable, profits having expanded by over 250 per cent., and the dividend having been increased fivefold. The Pataling, too, has made improving headway, and thanks to its comparatively modest capitalisation, this company is able to declare by far the highest dividend of the undertakings under review. The Labu is another enterprise, which has made very fine progress, and which, despite the fact that only a small proportion of its trees are in bearing, is already able to reward its shareholders with a generous dividend. The Batu Caves and the Golden Hope companies have likewise secured handsome additions to their profits, and have augmented their dividends to a corresponding extent.

The handsome increase in profits and dividends above recorded was due partly to enlarged production and partly to enhanced selling prices, both favourable factors, proving a very strong combination. How prices improved will be seen from the following comparison of the averages obtained by ten companies during the past two years:—

Company.	Average selling price per lb.	
	1908.	1909.
Anglo-Malay .....	5. d.	6. d.
Batu Caves .....	4. 2	6. 1
Damansara .....	3. 11	6. 8 1/2
General Ceylon .....	4. 2 1/2	7. 7 1/2
Hanipha .....	4. 2 1/2	7. 2
Golden Hope .....	4. 3 1/2	6. 7
Harpenden .....	4. 1 1/2	7. 7 1/2
Labu .....	4. 6	7. 5 1/2
Pataling .....	4. 3 1/2	5. 11
St. George .....	4. 8 1/2	7. 0

The Anglo-Malay and the Pataling companies do not appear to have felt the full effect of the increase in the value of rubber. That disadvantage, however, was neutralised by the comparatively large expansion in their production. In the case of the Batu Caves, the Damansara, the General Ceylon, the Harpenden and the Labu the rise in the prices realised was very marked, and contributed in no small measure to the expansion in net profits. In illustration of the increase in production the following comparative statistics, giving the actual outputs in 1909, the estimated and actual outputs in 1908,

and the estimated production in the current year, will be of interest:—

	Actual, 1908.		Actual, 1909.		Estimate, 1910.	
	lbs.	tons	lbs.	tons	lbs.	tons
Anglo-Malay .....	350,618	470,000	517,550	703,000	—	—
Batu Caves .....	16,585	20,000	45,769	60,000	—	—
Damansara .....	124,610	160,000	201,440	280,000	—	—
General Ceylon .....	26,283	35,000	38,570	50,000	—	—
Golden Hope .....	15,238	20,000	51,410	80,000	—	—
Hanipha .....	951	1,000	1,500	—	—	—
Harpenden .....	5,818	8,000	21,153	25,000	—	—
Labu .....	24,127	35,000	86,763	100,000	—	—
Mahawale .....	470	1,000	1,827	5,000	—	—
Pataling .....	80,922	100,000	32,090	350,000	—	—
St. George .....	5,719	16,000	23,817	50,000	—	—

It will be noted that last year's outputs not only exceeded by an appreciable amount those of 1908, but considerably surpassed the estimates formed a year ago. If calculation regarding the current year's production are similarly exceeded, the results to be reported twelve months hence will surpass the most sanguine anticipations now current. Especially notable are the large additions to production forecasted by the Batu Caves, Harpenden, Labu and Pataling companies. Besides enjoying a big expansion in production in the current year, all the producing companies will have the benefit of a substantial rise in prices.

## Public Company

## PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Alexandra Buildings, Des Vaux Road Central, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of May, 1910, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st April, 1910.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 25th instant to 2nd June next, both days inclusive.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & Co.,  
General Managers.

Hongkong, 16th May, 1910. [182]

## Notices of Firms.

## NOTICE.

CHINA COMMERCIAL TRADING COMPANY, Merchants' and Commission Agents, have this day been established at No. 33, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, and Floor.

Dated the 17th May, 1910.  
LO YUK KEE,  
Manager.

## NORTH CHINA INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

MR. SYDNEY J. CHINCHEN has taken charge of the Hongkong Branch of the above Company from this date.

By Order of the Board of Directors.  
Hongkong, 17th May, 1910. [374]

## Auctions.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,  
FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED,  
TO-MORROW,

the 21st May, 1910, at 11 A.M., at the China Navigation Company, Ltd., Godown, Praya, West Point.

About 24,000 LOOSE GUNNY BAGS, more or less damaged by salt water ex S.S. "Kwaiyang."

TERMS:—As usual.  
HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 18th May, 1910. [185]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from The Official Administrator, to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,  
For Account of the Estate of the late  
MR. THOMAS ISAAC ROSE,

on  
FRIDAY,  
the 27th May, 1910, at 2.30 P.M., at  
"Goddard," Conduit Road.

THE WHOLE OF HIS  
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD  
FURNITURE

THEREIN CONTAINED,  
Comprising:—

CHIPPENDALE SOFA and CHAIRS, TEAKWOOD SIDEBOARDS with BEVELLED GLASS, TEAKWOOD DINING TABLE and CHAIRS, MOROCCO COVERED EASY CHAIRS, Double BRASS BED-STEADS with WIRE and HAIR MATTRESSES, DRESSING TABLES with BEVELLED GLASS, TEAKWOOD WARDROBES with BEVELLED GLASS, CUPBOARD, WASHSTAND, CANTON CARVED BLACKWOOD BOOKCASE, CURIO STANDS, MARBLE-TOP BLACKWOOD FLOWER STANDS, ENGRAVINGS, a Quantity of JAPANESE and CHINESE CURIOS, AXMINSTER CARPETS, GLASS, CROCKERY and K.P. WARE, LACQUERED TEA POYS, SILK-EMBROIDERED SCREENS, ELECTRIC FANS and ELECTRIC LAMPS, &c., &c., ALSO

ONE COTTAGE PIANO by Haaks, Hannover; AND  
A Large Quantity of PLANTS in POTS.  
Catalogue will be issued.

TERMS:—As usual.  
HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Government Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 18th May, 1910. [186]

## Intimations.

## TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE

Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of *Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.*

DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:

(1) THE WARRANTY STAMP OF THE UNION DES FABRICANTS.  
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS is a MELISSA and MINT cordial which surpasses all others by its purity and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.

COMPAGNIE DU VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, Valence (Drôme-France).  
CARBONET MAISON & Co., Hongkong.

## NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WE have this day REMOVED our OFFICES to 4, QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, Chater Road, hitherto occupied by the National Bank of China.

E. S. KADOORIE & CO.  
Hongkong, 14th May, 1910. [372]

## FRENCH STORE.

## NOTICE.

We beg to inform our numerous

customers and the public in general that we have been appointed Agent

for the "CREME SIMON" and all Simon's Produces for Toilet

Requisites, Perfumery, Powder, Soap, etc.

INSPECTION SOLICITED.  
Hongkong, 21st January, 1910. [47]

## OSMAN &amp; CASUM,

1 &amp; 8, D'AGUILAR STREET

JUST UNPACKED

LADIES' TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED

HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS

&amp; FEATHERS.

MUSLIN and FIGURED VOILES.

LACE and EMBROIDERIES a specialty.

TABLE LINENS, SERVIETTES and

HOUSEHOLD LINENS.

Samples on application.

Coast Port Orders carefully

executed.  
Hongkong, 6th September, 1909. [145]

## Consignees.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.  
IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.  
THE Steamship

"PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH,"  
having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, and West Point Godown, whence delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 23rd of May will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 23rd of May, at 9.30 A.M.

All claims must reach us before the 27th of May, 1910, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.  
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the undersigned.

THIS STEAMER BRINGS CARGO  
Ex S.S. *Halla* from Rio de Janeiro.

Sailed from Naples,  
Kong from Zanzibar and Mombasa.  
Transhipped at Port Said.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD,  
MELCHERS & Co.,  
General Agents.

Hongkong, 18th May, 1910. [17]

## Consignees.

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS,  
LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM EUROPE.

THE Company's Steamship  
"DENBIGHSHIRE,"

having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co.'s hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

Goods not cleared by the 23rd instant, at 6 P.M., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

All damaged packages must be left in the Godown, where they will be examined at 9.30 A.M. on 23rd instant. No claims will be admitted after Goods have left the Godown nor will they be recognised if presented after 10 days of vessel's arrival here.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 17th May, 1910. [376]

FROM EUROPE.

THE H. A. L. Steamship  
"SUEVIA,"

Captain Koire, having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained against Bills of Lading countersigned by the Undersigned.

Optional Cargo will be carried on unless notice to the contrary be given before TO-DAY.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here after which they cannot be recognised.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th inst., will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods must be







entire community following audibly. A printed copy of the prayer was circulated among the congregation.

Sir Hornumjee said:—Gentlemen and Coreligionists:—You know for what purpose we are met here. The occasion is a melancholy one. We meet to perform the sad and dutiful ceremony, according to our rituals, in commemoration of our late King of beloved memory, Edward the Peacemaker. We humbly offer our prayers to Holy Ahura Mazda in whose Holy, heavenly and pure Realm rests our revered Sovereign the late King Edward the Seventh. With your consent I will lead with our prayer:—

BLESSED BE THE NAME OF HOLY AHURA MAZDA.

Hear the voice of our prayer, O Ahura Mazda, Holy, Heavenly, Pure; Be gracious unto us Thy Mazdayasne Servants; and satisfy us with Thy mercy; Vouchsafe to us Merciful Creator, that our late blessed Gracious Sovereign King Edward VII. The Peacemaker, be partaker of everlasting glory in Thy Kingdom of Heaven. He, the Fravashi of the purest of His Trust in Thee; he was led unto righteous ways and justice by the multitude of Thy divine mercy, and grace, and set on the throne that ever judged rightly, ministered to the well-being, peace and prosperity of the various nationalities put by Thy divine wisdom under his care those nine years, and ministered for the welfare of his earthly kingdom, for ever increasing strength and durability to the ever lasting glory of Thy heavenly and highest name. Therefore, O God Ahura-Mazda, be favourable to him in the glory of eternal life in Thy imperial abode Kingdom of purity and let him rest from his labours under the shadow of Thy throne in heavenly calm in the number of Thy elect Ambassadors. We, Thy humble unworthy servants of the Zoroastrian faith, give Thee, Father of all Mercies, most humble and hearty thanks for all Thy goodness and loving kindness to us and to all His other subjects during His glorious sovereignty on this earth, and we beseech Thee to give Thy entire prayer for his blessedness which goeth from our unforgotten lips and from the future of our hearts.

Following reverently at the conclusion of the final words uttered, the assembly filed out of the hall, Sir Hornumjee Modj leading.

#### FLORAL TRIBUTES.

From an early hour of the morning wreaths and other floral emblems were sent down and placed at the foot of the statue of his late Majesty in Royal Square. By noon the whole of the vacant ground surrounding the pedestal of the statue was a beautiful mass of fragrant white flowers, evergreens and streamers all bearing inscriptions of loyalty from the British associations and institutions and sympathy from the various sections of the cosmopolitan community. Many of the wreaths bore considerable feeling and were emblematic of the reverent demonstrations from the various corporate institutions.

Immediately after the service at the Cathedral His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, the naval and military officials, and a large proportion of the congregation made their way to Statue Square, there to lay their floral tributes at the feet of the like representation in bronze of his late Majesty Edward VII. The scene in and around the Square was an imposing one and the thousands of Chinese, besides many hundreds of foreign ladies and gentlemen who had arrived before the official party, made a spectacle long to be remembered. Sir Henry May, Rear-Admiral Lynn and Colonel St. John took their stand in front of the royal statue, while the marines and soldiers of the garrison displayed the wreaths from their respective Services around the royal pedestal. Sir Henry in person handed one from His Excellency himself and directed it to be laid at the feet of the bronze replica of his Majesty. It was a magnificent tribute of respectful duty and regret. The wreath was of white lilies and maiden hair fern.

Those from the sister Services had, respectively, attached to them the following inscriptions:—

"With humble duty and deepest regret from the Rear-Admiral, Officers and Sailors of His Majesty's Ships at Hong Kong."

"With deepest regret and sympathy from the Officer Commanding and Officers of the Garrison, Hong Kong."

"With humble duty and in deep sorrow from Rear-Admiral Lynn, Superintendent and the Principal Officers of His Majesty's Dockyard, Hong Kong."

"With humble duty and in deep sorrow from the employees of His Majesty's Dockyard Hong Kong."

The French Navy, as ever, was delicately and gallantly expressive in their compliment. The most beautiful wreath was one draped in black crepe made of white porcelain flowers resting on an upright vessel lined with the emblem of mourning. The wreath was capped by a huge bow of black crepe, and streamers of the same colour were printed on with letters which read:—

"To the respected memory of his late Majesty King Edward VII. Admiral and Officer of the French Naval Division in the Far East, French Consulate, Hong Kong, May 20, 1910."

From the list our representative has been able to gather amidst a mass of the prettiest floral tributes it is just possible that a few have been omitted, but the principal have been noted in the list that has been compiled and which is as follows:—

One of white lilies and maiden hair fern with silver streamers printed in gold "In dutiful respect from the members of the Hong Kong Club."

A striking wreath was that of the Club Germania, plain in design but conspicuous by the national colour—black, white and red—with the legend "Club Germania" in gold on the white ribbons.

A floral harp whose strings are picked out in lilac flowers and the frame of green maiden hair filled in with white blossoms bearing white

streamers, was the token of sympathy "From the members of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce."

"In dutiful memory from the members of the Hong Kong Jockey Club" was the inscription accompanying the pretty wreath of the oldest sporting association in Hong Kong.

A graceful compliment came from our esteemed Japanese fellow-citizens who, with no effort at appearing prominent, none the less manifested their sympathy in a black-bordered card, attached by a black ribbon to the wreath, on which was written "From the Japanese Community of Hong Kong."

The wreath from the Dutch community was also effective from its very simplicity.

There was no wreath from the Portuguese community as a whole, whose absence of cohesion and apparent decentralization obviously account for the various floral tributes that were sent (no less than four in number), the distinctly artistic merit of which was the subject of comment. That from the Club Lusitano represented a huge crown on an easel. The crown was made up of white and purple flowers with a profusion of the delicately tinted maiden hair fern; the whole resting on a background of black crepe. Long streamers of white and purple silk were capped by one of black. The inscriptions at each end of the streamers read: "In token of deepest sympathy. From the members of the Club Lusitano."

King Edward VII. of England became a fellow of the Geographical Society of Lisbon in 1903. The fellows of the same society in Hong Kong sent a wreath representing the society's emblem consisting of a plain figure of the armillary sphere of gold on blue ground, with the Portuguese national coat of arms upon it; accompanied by a red circle with the legend in gold letters "Por muros nunca d'ouros navegámos;" and another outer white circle in flowers with the name of the society "Sociedade de Geographia de Lisboa 1875." The symbol of independence and of national sovereignty is represented by the crown of Portugal on the top. The wreath was attached by a black ribbon with the following dedicatory words in gold letters "A memoria do Sua Magestade Edward VII. Rei de Portugal, Amiguissimo do povo da Republica da Sociedade de Geographia de Lisboa em Hong Kong."

The third Portuguese wreath was that of the Portuguese Library. It was one of cypress and columbine with black ribbon on which was printed in gold letters the following: "A memoria do Sua Magestade Edward VII. Amiguissimo do povo da Republica da Sociedade de Geographia de Lisboa em Hong Kong."

A fourth one was from the Lusitano Recreation Club. Sir Hornumjee Modj's wreath was a huge garland of white lilies set in green ferns and bore an "In Memoriam" card with "humble duty and deep sorrow" inscribed thereon.

The Parsee Community sent a single wreath of chaste design.

The Jewish community's wreath was a thing of beauty. A white harp with a broken chord, the other strings of lilac flowers, carried streamers with the words:—

"With deepest sorrow and regret from the Jewish community. Thy righteousness shall go before thee; the glory of the Lord shall be thy reward."

Among the profusion and wealth of floral demonstrations was noticed one from the Italian Consulate of Hong Kong.

Other wreaths included the following:—

From the Editor and Staff of the China Mail in loyal remembrance with a printed card reading:—

Who revered his conscience as his king,  
Whose glory was redressing human wrong,  
Who spoke no slender no, nor listened to it,  
Who loved no one only and who clung to his  
The shadow of his loss drew like eclipse  
Darkening the world.—T. A. Brown.

Gen. F. Lloyd, Managing Editor, *Singapore China Morning Post*.

J. P. Bragg, R. Hope, *Hong Kong Telegraph*.

L. A. Mackinnon, H. B. M. Consular Service (retired) *China, Hong Kong Telegraph*.

From the members of the Chinese Club. Kowloon Recreation Club.

H. Oishi, Miss Bishi Goshi Kwaisha, Nippon Yusen Kaisha; Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.

Mr. T. Takamachi, N. Yamada, Toyo Kisen Kaisha. Toyo Kisen Kaisha, South American Line.

Osaka Sosen Kaisha, Yokohama Specie Bank.

Mr. and Mrs. Kobayashi, In Memoriam, Victoria Recreation Club.

Tai Shing Paper Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Headmaster and Staff, Queen's College.

Boys, Queen's College, Opium Farmers.

Li Shing, Leung Shiu Kong, Flower Sellers, Wyndham Street, Hong Kong.

Kowloon Cricket Club, Directors of the Tung Wa Hospital.

Members of the District Watchmen Committee.

Directors of the Po Leung Kok, Fung Wa Chuan.

The Hongkong Justices of the Peace.

THE JAPANESE SERVICE.

As we go to press, a commemorative service is being held at the Hongwanji Temple, in Wanchai Road, where the Japanese community of the Colony have met for the service according to Buddhist rituals. The religious part of the ceremony is being conducted by Rev. Itomura and Kuchiba, at the conclusion of which, Mr. T. Funatsu, the Japanese Consul-General, will deliver a short address.

AT CANTON.

The memorial service in Canton was held in Christ Church on the Shamsham at 9 o'clock this morning and was attended by all the members of the British community, the Consular body and the invited members of the foreign community. His Excellency Yuan Shu-hun, Viceroy of the Liangkwang, was also present, attended by members of his suite. Among others were several Chinese officials of Tsoi

#### THE LATE KING EDWARD VII.

##### TRIBUTE BY THE JAPANESE PRESS.

Almost all our Japanese contemporaries of yesterday's date devote leading articles to the King of England. The keynote of all the articles is a feeling of the deepest sorrow over the loss sustained by the passing of King Edward the Seventh. They mourn with the British nation over the heavy blow that has just fallen and dwell particularly on the sudden knowledge and startling nature of the sad event. All express very high appreciation of the deceased monarch's character and eulogize his numerous successful deeds as the Peacemaker during the comparative brief period of His Majesty's reign, which it is reluctantly admitted, did not cover ten years. The Japanese papers also dwell upon the chaotic state of political affairs in the kingdom, in which connection the opinion is advanced that in all probability mutual concessions will now be made, a peaceful understanding being arrived at in deference to the judgment of the dead ruler. Besides dealing with the King's death in their editorial columns many of our Japanese contemporaries publish brief historical sketches of the King's life. Some of the journals insert articles descriptive of the relationship of the Royal family, the King's childhood, King Edward's intellectual attainments, His visits in other lands before ascending the throne, His various illnesses, his tastes, etc. Most of them contain the impressions left on prominent Japanese personages in their interviews with His Majesty in past years. None of the journals to hand up to the present have omitted to reproduce a portrait of His Majesty. Considerations of space compel us to rest content with a brief summary of the editorial remarks of the leading Japanese papers in Tokyo and Osaka.

The *Nishi* states that although ten years have not yet gone by since King Edward's accession he has shown himself to possess a vigorous mind and a rare capacity for work. In all affairs, internal and foreign, he brought to bear a generous and benevolent disposition, qualities which are indispensable in a monarch. These natural instincts were exercised most astutely and effectively in furthering the peace of the world and in advancing the diplomatic aims of his country. The result was not in vain. The veiled hostility so long noticeable between Great Britain and Russia has given place to friendly relations and the clash of sentiment and the collision of a political nature which had continued for half a century or more have given place to concerted action in central Asia. This has been one of the greatest motives powers in advancing the peace of the world, the mutual resentment of many years' duration having been removed. Turning to internal affairs it is found that the bonds between the mother country and the Colonies and bulging dependencies have been strengthened, thus establishing more firmly the basis of Empire. Especially now, when the power of the Lords is the great question at issue, perhaps the greatest since the creation of the Constitution, it is the seed of the conciliatory methods of His Majesty's reign. But it is just at this moment, that the King has passed to the Beyond, causing an irreparable loss to the British nation. This loss is not limited to the British nation alone; it is likewise a loss to all nations of the world, and more particularly to Japan. Japan feels the sad blow severely being specially related to Great Britain.

The *Nishi* opens its obituary with the remark that no greater unhappiness could have befallen the British Royal Household and nation than that involved in the passing of King Edward VII. We hereby respectfully express to the British Royal Household (the Tokyo Journal goes on to say) our humble feeling of grief over the bereavement sustained by the death of this most generous and benevolent King and express our deepest sympathy with all British subjects. In the reign of the Queen, King Edward's mother—England doubled her population, tripled her wealth and multiplied her foreign trade sixfold. When there was nothing to suggest trouble in the country's internal affairs, King Edward VII. ascended the Throne and devoted himself to the work of maintaining and advancing the dignity and power of Great Britain. During his nine years' reign, the diplomatic affairs of Europe appeared to have revolved practically around H. M. King Edward, and this indeed is a great achievement in the recent history of England. King Edward's reign marks the conclusion of the Anglo-Japanese alliance and its renewal and extension. This, in turn, gave rise to the Anglo-French entente and the Anglo-Russian understanding. That the recent European difficulties could not be solved without regard to the known peaceful policy of King Edward was solely due to the distinguished virtues of His Majesty. Although the reign has been a brief one, the effort made during it for the promotion of the peace and civilisation of the world will endure.

The *Nishi* says that the report of King Edward's death has come so suddenly and unexpectedly, that one feels almost as in a dream but unfortunately there is no hope of awakening from the dream. The King has given proof of uncommon natural ability, by the aid of which he paved the way for a reconciliation with France; personally visiting Paris two years after his accession. The Franco-British agreement was arrived at on April 1, 1903. This was a great stroke in the diplomatic world; it has had a far-reaching effect on the peace of the world. Subsequently, on August 31st 1907, the Anglo-Russian agreement was effected. Thus difficult questions which had lasted for centuries were amicably solved. His Majesty's prior visits to continental countries helped to maintain existing conditions in the Mediterranean and Atlantic. At the time Germany showed certain displeasure over the King's efforts, but care having been constantly paid by the King to the maintenance of friendly relations between the two countries everything went on smoothly. However far back we go in history the world has not often seen a monarch whose influence upon the world's affairs has been so great as His Majesty's. This great influence having been utilised absolutely for peace; it might even be said that His Majesty is the only monarch who has ever wielded so great an influence—*Kyō* *Hwa*.

There was thus an increase of 437 on the total number of admissions as compared with the year 1908. There was a decrease of prisoners convicted for larceny during the year under review the number being 799 against 845 for the previous year.

2. The number of prisoners admitted to prison for offences not of a criminal nature was 1,957 made up as follows:—

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#### HONGKONG PRISON.

##### SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT FOR 1909.

The report of the Superintendent of Prison for 1909 was laid before the Legislative Council yesterday. It states:—

1. The number of prisoners received into prison during the year and the corresponding number for the year 1908 were as follows:—

1909. 1908.

Convicted by Ordinary Courts ... 4,183 4,005

" " Courts Martial ... 10 28

" " Capt. Supdt. of Police ... 5 1

" " Commodore, R.N. ... 5 1

Supreme Court for China and Corea ... 5 1

" " Siam ... 1 1

High Court, Weihaiwei ... 3 3

Debtors ... 75 86

On remand or in default of finding ... 933 665

surty ... 933 665

Total ... 5,215 4,778

There was thus an increase of 437 on the total number of admissions as compared with the year 1908. There was a decrease of prisoners convicted for larceny during the year under review the number being 799 against 845 for the previous year.

2. The number of prisoners admitted to prison for offences not of a criminal nature was 1,957 made up as follows:—

Convicted by Courts Martial ... 1

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been spared in all his branches to secure the attainment of the objects desired, viz., employment for every available long sentence prisoner on useful industrial work.

12. There were 4,185,706 forms printed and issued to the various Government Departments and 19,381 books bound and repaired during the year under review.

13. To improve the ventilation of the old prison the window areas on the East, South and West sides have been considerably enlarged.

14. During the year under review and especially in the months of April, May and June the Prison was very much overcrowded. For 191 days during the year the daily population of the prisoners confined in the Prison varied between 551 to 631. From 25th April to 25th June a number of prisoners were bedded out in the main corridors, cell accommodation being insufficient. In consequence of the above on the 30th April, 1909, I submitted a scheme for increasing the prison accommodation by 73 cells. The scheme involved the demolition of the Old Offices, West portion of the Hospital, Prisoners' Reception Room, etc., the removal and reconstruction of the steps to the Entrance Hall and the Inner Gate; the old materials to be used in the reconstruction of these structures on improved lines the work of demolition and reconstruction being done by prison labour; and the building of a Hall of 78 cells by the Public Works Department. This was approved by the Government and the work was immediate, but it had and is now being rapidly carried out. The scheme when completed will increase the yard area of the prison by 1,659 square feet. The use of the building known as the Bellini Reformatory as a Branch Prison has been discontinued.

15. The sanitary condition of the prison is good.

16. The buildings generally are in good repair.

17. The conduct of the European Officers has as a rule been excellent and that of the Indian Staff on the whole good.

18. The appliances for use in case of fire are in good condition and the water supply adequate.

19. The rules laid down for the government of the Prison have been complied with.

20. Mr. R. H. A. Craig, Assistant Superintendent, returned from leave on the 14th January, 1909, and resumed immediate charge of the Prison.

Events Coming.

Saturday, 21st May.

Auction sale, Gunny Bags, China Navigator Co.'s godowns, 11 a.m.

"Star" Ferry Co., Ltd., annual meeting, 2.15 p.m.

Tuesday, 24th May.

Empire Day, Bank holiday.

British Children's Service, St. John's Cathedral.

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## SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Supplied by Messrs. B. S. KADOORIS &amp; Co. Corrected to noon: later alterations given under "Commercial Intelligence," page 5.

Supplied by Messrs. L. S. KAPOORIN & Co. Corrected to noon : later alterations given in foot-note.										APPROXIMATE DIVIDEND AT PRESENT QUOTATION BASED ON LAST YEAR'S DIV.		CLOSING QUOTATIONS.	
STOCKS.	NO. OF SHARES.	VALUE.	PAID UP.	POSITION AS PER LAST REPORT		LAST DIVIDEND.							
				RESERVE.	AT WORKING ACCOUNT.								
BANKS.													
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	120,000.	\$175	\$125	\$1,300,000 \$15,000 100 \$150,000	\$2,027,018	2 1/2% for half year ending 31.12.09 @ ex 1/91 = 5 1/2	4 1/2 %	{ \$950 London £90 10/					
National Bank of China, Limited	99,925	7	60	\$4,000 \$5,000	\$30,552	\$2 (London 3/6) for 1909	...	\$76 buyers					
MARINE INSURANCES.													
Canton Insurance Office, Limited	10,000	\$250	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$154,183 \$102,799 \$115,000	none	\$10 for 1908	6 %	177 1/2 buyers					
North China Insurance Company, Ltd.	10,000	15	45	Tls. 22,000 Tls. 135,283 Tls. 146,585	Tls. 107,573	Final of 7/6 making 15/- for 1908	5 %	Tls. 110					
Union Insurance Society of Canton	12,400	\$250	\$100	\$1,000,000 \$1,124,48 \$105,849 \$7,3925	\$287,984	Final of \$30 per share, making in all \$50 per share for 1908 and an interim div. of \$5 per share for 1909	6 %	\$835 sellers					
Yangtze Insurance Association, Limited	12,000	\$100	\$60	\$1,000,000 \$294,405 \$199,204	\$7,087	\$12 and bonus \$3 for 1907	7 %	\$230					
FIRE INSURANCE.													
China Fire Insurance Company, Ltd.	20,000	\$100	\$70	\$1,000,000 \$550,347 \$61,103	\$4,840	\$6 and bonus \$2 for 1908	7 %	\$114 sales					
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company, Limited	8,000	\$250	\$50	\$1,000,000	\$416,218	\$27 for 1908	8 %	\$346 buyers					
SHIPPING.													
China and Manila Steamship Company, Limited	30,000	\$15	\$25	\$7,743 \$230,000 \$100,000	Dr. \$37 7	1 1/2% for 1908	...	\$8 sellers					
Douglas Steamship Company, Limited	20,000	\$50	\$50	\$250,000 \$217,500 \$103,545	\$20,766	Final of \$1 for account 1910	8 %	\$29 1/2 buyers					
Hongkong, Canton & Amoy Steamship Co., Ltd.	80,000	\$15	\$15	\$1,000,000 \$19,100 \$10,000	...	6/- for 1907 on Preference shares only @ 1/9 11/16 = 5 1/2	...	\$72 sellers					
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. (Preferred)	60,000	45	45	\$400,000 \$230,000 \$100,000	...	3rd in. of 2/- per sh. (coup. No. 12) making in all 4/- for '08 & interim of 1/- for ac. '09	5 %	97 1/2 buyers					
"Shell" Transport and Trading Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$10	\$100,000 \$65,000	\$1,121	\$12 1/2 for year ending 31.12.1909	4 1/2 %	\$26 sales					
"Star" Ferry Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$5	\$49,980	...	...	3 1/2 %	\$14 1/2 and ss.					
REFINERIES.													
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$100	\$500,000 \$83,830	Dr. \$,090	\$10 per share for 1909	5 1/2 %	\$177 sellers					
Luxon Sugar Refining Company, Limited	7,000	\$100	\$100	...	Dr. \$114,891	\$5 for 1907	...	\$28 sellers					
Perak Sugar Cultivation Company, Limited	7,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	...	Tls. 6 02	Tls. 10 for year ending 31.12.09	...	Tls. 920 buyers					
MINING.													
Chinese Engineering and Mining Company, Ltd.	1,000,000	45	45	\$215,000 \$244,390	\$1,435	Final of 1/2 making 3/- for 1909	9 %	Tls. 18					
Headwaters Mining Company	60,000	Pa. 10	Pa. 10	...	...	First year	...	Pa. 10 buyers					
Ramb Australian Gold Mining Company, Limited	150,000	45	45	...	...	\$4 per share 13th dividend	5 %	\$8 sellers					
DOCKS, WHARVES & GODOWNS.													
Penwick (Goo.) & Co., Limited	18,000	\$25	\$25	\$35,275	Dr. \$8,450	\$1.75 for year ending 31.12.08	...	\$10					
Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.	60,000	\$550	\$50	\$550,000 \$3,493 \$50,000	\$264,847	\$2 1/2 for 1909	4 1/2 %	\$59 buyers					
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$50	\$50	...	Tls. 9,222	Final of Tls. 4 for 1909	7 %	Tls. 77 buyers					
LANDS, HOTELS & BUILDINGS.													
Anglo-French Land Investment Co., Ltd.	25,000	(Tls. 100)	Tls. 100	Tls. 15,000	Tls. 4,514	Tls. 6 for year ending 27.2.09	5 1/2 %	Tls. 102 sellers					
Central Stores, Limited	50,123	\$15	\$15	...	\$24,611	\$1.20 on old and 60 cents on first new issue	...	\$16 buyers					
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited	12,000	\$50	\$50	...	\$1,277	\$2.50 on old shares and 1/30 on new shares	...	\$107 1/2					
Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd.	8,000	\$100	\$100	...	\$27,911	Interim of 5/- for account 1909	6 1/2 %	\$102 sales					
Humphreys Estate & Finance Company, Limited	150,000	\$10	\$10	...	\$5,471	45 cents for 1909	6 %	\$8 1/2					
Kowloon Land and Building Company, Limited	6,000	\$50	\$50	...	\$219	\$2 1/2 for 1909	8 1/2 %	\$50 buyers					
Shanghai Land Investment Company, Limited	78,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 1,525,045	Tls. 63,969	Final of 6 1/2 bonus Tls. 1 for 1909	6 1/2 %	Tls. 112					
West Point Building Company, Limited	12,500	\$50	\$50	Tls. 30,000	...	Final of \$1.8 for account 1909	8 1/2 %	\$40 sellers					
COTTON MILLS.													
Ewo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Ltd.	20,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 5	Tls. 3,000,000	Tls. 10,991	Tls. 12 for year ending 31.10.09	8 1/2 %	Tls. 132 1/2 seller					
Hongkong Cotton Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Company, Limited	125,000	\$10	\$1	Tls. 40,000	\$9,551	50 cents for year ending 31.7.08	8 %	\$4 1/2 sellers					
International Cotton Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	10,000	Tls. 75	Tls. 75	Tls. 175,000	Tls. 8,373	Tls. 7 1/2 for year ending 30.9.09	12 %	Tls. 62					
Loan-kuang-mow Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	8,000	Tls. 200	Tls. 2	...	Tls. 4,820	Tls. 6 for 1909	7 %	Tls. 74					
Say Chee Cotton Spinning Company, Limited	2,000	Tls. 500	Tls. 50	Tls. 21,173	Tls. 31,173	Tls. 25 for 1909	10 %	Tls. 250					
MISCELLANEOUS.													
Bell's Asbestos Eastern Agency, Limited	8,504	12/6	12/6	\$1,500	\$248	15 % per share for 1909	...	\$10 buyers					
China-Borneo Company, Limited	60,000	\$12	\$12	\$40,000	Nil.	60 cents for 1909	6 %	\$11 sellers					
China Light and Power Company, Limited	50,000	\$10	\$10	...	\$61,138	10 cents for year ended 23.2.06	...	\$2 sellers					
China Provident Loan & Mortgage Company, Ltd.	125,000	\$10	\$1	\$100,000 \$1,000	2,602	80 cents for 1909	9 %	\$8 1/2 sales					
Dairy Farm Company, Limited	40,000	\$7 1/2	\$6	\$1,000 \$1,000	\$1,891	\$1.10 for year ending 31.7.09	6 1/2 %	\$19 1/2 buyers					
Green Island Cement Company, Limited	400,000	\$10	\$10	\$13,000	\$4,290	Final of 40 cents making in all 75 cents per share for 1909	10 %	\$7 1/2 sales					
H. Price & Company, Limited	12,000	\$10	\$10	\$5,000	\$670	80 cents for year ending 31.12.09	6 1/2 %	\$12					
Hongkong Electric Company, Limited	60,000	\$10	\$1	none	\$11,798	A dividend of \$1.20 per share and a bonus of 10 cents	6 %	\$20 sellers					
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	5,000	\$25	\$15	\$150,000	\$7,616	Final of \$1 for 1909	6 %	\$160 sellers					
Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	60,000	\$10	\$10	\$20,000	\$9,176	Final of \$1 making in all \$1 for 1909	6 1/2 %	\$114 sellers					
Maatschappij tot Mijn- en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat, Limited	25,000	Gs. 100	Gs. 100	Tls. \$47,500 Tls. 64,924	Tls. 316,682	4th interim of Tls. 12 1/2 for 1909	5 %	Tls. 1,400					
Peak Tramways Company, Limited	25,000	\$10	\$10	\$20,000	\$,204	80 cents on fully paid share and 8 cents on \$1 paid shares for year ending 30.4.09	5 1/2 %	\$15 buyers					
Peak Tramways Company (new)	50,000	\$10	\$10	none	Pa. 18,640	None	...	\$1.60 buyers					
Philippine Company, Limited	75,000	\$10	\$20	...	...	...	...	\$10 buyers					
Shanghai-Somatra Tobacco Company, Limited	50,000	Tls. 20	Tls. 20	Tls. 14,810 Tls. 7,000	Tls. 5,250	Final Tls. 5 making Tls. 8 for 1908	2 %	Tls. 290 sellers					
South China Morning Post, Limited	6,000	\$25	\$25	none	Dr. \$31,096	None	...	\$25 buyers					
Steam Laundry Company, Limited	20,000	\$25	\$5	none	\$63	40 cents for year ending 31.5.09	8 %	\$5 buyers					
Union Waterboat Company, Limited	50,000	\$10	\$10	\$11,956	none	60 cents for year ending 31.12.09	8 %	\$9 sellers					
United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$5	\$45,000	\$348	60 cents per ord. share for year ending 31.5.09	5 %	\$14 1/2 sellers					
Watson (A.S.) & Co., Limited	90,000	\$10	\$1	\$500,000 \$5,000	\$2,613	Final of 30 cents for 1908	6 1/2 %	\$6 1/2 sales					
William Powell, Limited	15,000	\$7	\$7	none	\$782	Final of 30 cts. making 80 cts. for the year ended 30th June, 1906	...	\$5 sellers					
Societe des Pulpes et Papeteries de Tonkin	13,203	Benefit shares 1,200	50	25	none	First year	...	\$35 sales					

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Intimations

## COMPANIA GENERAL DE TABACOS DE FILIPINAS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1882. CAPITAL £3,000,000



"LA FLOR DE LA ISABELA."

High grade cigars manufactured with the best selected leaf grown in the estates of the Company.

## SPECIAL BRANDS:

Pigtails, Vegueros Especiales, Regalia A. Lopez, Regalia G. Persira, Favoritos A. Lopez, Favoritos A. Correa, Perfectos Especiales, Exquisitos, Reina Victoria, High Life, Londres Finos, Conchas Finas, and other Current Brands.

RETAILED IN ALL THE LEADING STORES.

BARRETTO &amp; CO.,

AGENTS.

Denmarks Pride



HEYMANS BUTTER

SLEMSSEN &amp; CO., Sole Agents.

49

MOHIDEEN &amp; CO.

FINEST ASSORTED COLLECTION OF CEYLON JEWELLERY AND



FREE TRIAL.

TRY THE

ROYAL STANDARD TYPEWRITER

(VISIBLE)

Cost \$165 Little, Last Long. Will

Always Give Satisfaction.

PHONE No. 482 and the machine will be at your office for free trial.

GEMS of all kinds in stock. Gold Guaranteed.

2B, D'AGUILAR STREET,

HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 18th March, 1910.

KWONG FUNG YUEN, HEAD OFFICE—No. 83, Des Voeux Road West. TIMBER YARDS—Kowloon Town.

TIMBER MERCHANTS, SAW MILL OWNERS, AND GENERAL CONTRACTORS TO H.B.M. Naval and Military Authorities.

Repair to any Make of

TYPEWRITERS,

GRAMAPHONES,

AND

SEWING MACHINES.

A Speciality. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

MOTOR CARS, BICYCLES and

TYPEWRITERS

FOR HIRE.

DRAGON CYCLE

DEPOT

44 DES VOEUX ROAD.

H. HAVE always on hand large stock of American, Fir, Douglas Fir, Oregon Pine, Teak, Yacal, Hardwoods, Oregon Spar, Chinese Spar, Chinese Pine of all descriptions. Inspection invited to the Yards.

Best Terms.

Quick Delivery.

LEUNG TAI,

Managing Director.

Hongkong, 18th January, 1910.